SECURIT



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

PART III

SSION

OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 There under

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/07 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	G 12/31/07 MM/DD/YY				
A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION							
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY				
Brandt Equities LLC			FIRM I.D. NO.				
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.)					
440 South Lasalle Street, Suite 150							
	(No. and Street)						
Chicago (Ctty)	Illinois (State)	6060 (Zip Coo					
Richard Peterson	SON TO CONTACT IN REC		(312) 362-4068 Code - Telephone Number)				
В	ACCOUNTANT IDEN	TIFICATION	Mall pSEC				
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who	ose opinion is contained in McGladrey & Pull	•	Mail Processing Section FEB 2 8 2008				
	(Name - If individual, state last, fil	st, middle name)	Weshington				
One South Wacker Dr., Suite 800	Chicago	<u>IL</u>	Weshington, DC 101 60606-3392				
(Address) CHECK ONE: ☑ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant	(City)	(State)	PROCESSED CODE				
Accountant not resident in United State	es or any of its possessior	is.	\ THOMSON				
F	OR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Y	FINANCIAL				
* Claims for exemption from the requiren accountant must be supported by a state							

Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Richard Peterson, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financia
statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Brandt Equities LLC, as of December 31, 2007
are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor
principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.
Sworn and subscribed to me on the Signature OFFICIAL SEAL NANCY J. SIMENSON NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 3-26-2009 Title
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Brandt Equities LLC

Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2007

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McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of Brandt Equities LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Brandt Equities LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2007 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brandt Equities LLC as of December 31, 2007 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Medley & Pellan, UP

Chicago, Illinois February 25, 2008

Brandt Equities LLC

Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007

AssetS	
Cash Receivable from clearing broker Securities owned, pledged Exchange membership, at cost (fair value \$3,125,000) Other assets	\$ 32,436 13,300,225 13,948,520 330,000
Total assets	<u>\$ 27,621,181</u>
Liabilities and Members' Equity	
Liabilities Securities sold, not yet purchased Accounts payable and accrued expenses Total	\$ 16,226,032 214,500 16,440,532
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors	2,000,000
Members' equity	9,180,649
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 27,621,181

Note 1 Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations—Brandt Equities LLC (the "Company") is a registered securities broker-dealer, buying, selling and dealing as principal in securities and derivative financial instruments for its own account. All of the Company's transactions are cleared by another broker-dealer.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities and Derivative Financial Instruments—Securities and derivative financial instruments transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Positions are carried at market or quoted values, with unrealized gains and losses recorded as part of revenue.

Income Taxes—Under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, the Company is treated as a partnership and, accordingly, is not subject to federal income taxes. Instead, members are liable for federal income taxes on their respective shares of taxable income.

Exchange Membership—Membership in an exchange is held for operating purposes and is carried at cost.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments—Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are considered financial instruments and, except for the exchange membership, are either already reflected at market or fair values, or are short-term or replaceable on demand. Therefore, their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements—In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement 109. FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. Adoption of FIN 48 is required for the Company in the annual reporting for the year ending December 31, 2008. Management is currently assessing the impact, if any, of FIN 48 on its financial position and results of operations.

Note 2 Securities Owned and Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, at December 31, 2007 consist of:

	Securities Securities Sold, Not Yet Owned Purchased			
Equity securities Equity options	\$	13,125,940 822,580	\$	13,646,760 2,579,272
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>13,948,520</u>	<u>\$</u>	16,226,032

Amounts due to the clearing broker, if any, and securities sold, not yet purchased are collateralized by securities owned and cash on deposit with the clearing broker.

Note 3 Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

At December 31, 2007, the subordinated borrowings of \$2,000,000 is from a member, bears interest at 4 percent, and is due December 31, 2007. The subordinated borrowing is available in computing net capital under the minimum capital requirements. To the extent that such borrowing is required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum capital requirements, it may not be repaid (Note 7).

Note 4 Indemnification

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties that provide indemnifications under certain circumstances. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Company that have not yet occurred. The Company expects the risks of loss to be remote.

Note 5 Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

The Company, in connection with its proprietary trading activities, enters into transactions involving derivative financial instruments, primarily options on equity securities. Options held provide the Company with the opportunity to deliver or take delivery of specified financial instruments at a contracted price. Options written obligate the Company to deliver or take delivery of specified financial instruments at a contracted price in the event the option is exercised by the holder. These financial instruments may have market risk and/or credit risk in excess of amounts recorded in the statement of financial condition.

Market Risk—Derivative financial instruments involve varying degrees of off-balance-sheet market risk. Changes in the market values of the underlying financial instruments may result in changes in the value of the derivative financial instruments. Exposure to market risk is influenced by a number of factors, including the relationships between the derivative financial instruments and the volatility and liquidity in the markets in which the derivative financial instruments are traded. In many cases, the use of derivative financial instruments serves to modify or offset market risk associated with other transactions and, accordingly, serves to decrease the Company's overall exposure to market risk. The Company attempts to manage its exposure to market risk arising from the use of these derivative financial instruments through various analytical monitoring techniques.

The Company has sold securities that it does not own and will therefore be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. The Company has recorded these obligations in the statement of financial condition at the market values of the related securities and will incur a loss if the market value of the securities increases subsequent to December 31, 2007.

Credit Risk—Credit risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties to perform in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with counterparty nonperformance is limited to the current cost to replace all contracts in which the Company has a gain. Exchange traded financial instruments, such as futures and options, generally do not give rise to significant counterparty exposure due to the cash settlement procedures for daily market movements or the margin requirements of the individual exchanges and clearing brokers.

Concentrations of Credit Risk—The Company clears all of its trades through a clearing broker. In the event this counterparty does not fulfill its obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The Company attempts to minimize this credit risk by monitoring the creditworthiness of its clearing broker.

Note 6 Members' Equity

The Company's operating agreement provides for three classes of members with varying rights, preferences, privileges and obligations. Class A members have sole voting rights. All actions taken by Class A members require unanimous approval of Class A members. A designated manager has the sole power and authority to carry out management responsibilities and control the day-to-day management of the Company's operations, including distributions and admittance of new members and classes of members. The manager has the authority to distribute to Class B and Class C members the balance of such members' equity accounts. Class B and Class C members must have prior consent from the manager to withdraw their equity from the Company. As of December 31, 2007, members' equity balances were Class A - \$3,177,898 and Class C - \$6,002,751.

Note 7 Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Company is required to maintain "net capital" equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 6 2/3 percent of "aggregate indebtedness," as these terms are defined. Net capital changes from day to day, but at December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of approximately \$5,572,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The minimum capital requirements may effectively restrict the payment of distributions and the repayment of liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors.



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